



EMIGRATION FROM AFRICA TO EUROPE: BETWEEN THE STRONG SOUTHERN MIGRATORY ASPIRATION AND THE PROTECTIONISM OF NORTHERN “EL DORADO”

APA Program: Multi-Country: France, Morocco, Senegal

Language of instruction: French

US semester credits: 4.0

Number of hours: 36 hours (12 hours per host city) + contact hours

Term: Fall Semester | Spring Semester

Instructors:

- **Paris** – Mme Audrey LENOËL, post-doctorat Collège de France
- **Rabat** – M. Mohamed BERRIANE, professeur émérite Université Mohamed V
- **Dakar** – M. Pap Demba FALL, Université Cheikh Anta Diop (UCAD)

Course Description

This three-part course is devoted to examining African international migrations focused on the routes from south to north. It is worth noting that the link between the three countries chosen to illustrate the migration between African countries is based on the diversity of their migratory status: a country of departure (Senegal), a transit country (Morocco) and a major migratory destination (France).

At a time when the international community seems to have become conscious of the multiple challenges of migration with the negotiation of a Global Compact on Migration, it is more important than ever to equip our students with an intellectual background that allows them to properly assess the questions that are posed in the direction of better governance of international migratory traffic.

The semester course aspires to open the doors of the services and institutions in charge of the administrative management of migrant workers, partners, and NGO's development assistance, etc. to our students so that they can better see and understand the issues at hand.

Learning Objectives

The principal objective of the course is to provide fundamental knowledge on the elements relevant to assessing the central issue of globalization: the free movement of men. In view of the measures taken at the global level, to facilitate trade in goods and capital, migration is the “poor cousin” of globalization.

A source of tension, and even conflict, emigration is at the center of the social debates in certain host countries. The countries of departure and transit are also tested by the migratory challenges.

Schedule Paris - France

Week 1 : To the sources of migration issues in France: the place of Africa From pre-colonial and colonial forced immigration... to questions of independence...

Reflection point : The authorization of the slave trade in 1642

- The rise of imperialism and population movements in the colonial backyard
- Establishment of the framework for migratory movements and consolidation by the Berlin conference
- Issues of soldiers and manpower in the context of major world conflicts (WW1 and WW2)
- The construction of a Francophone migratory field and the gradual consolidation of inequalities at the source of migratory flows

Concepts to grasp :

- Race, Border, Mobilities, Migrations, Globalization, Colonization, Indigeneity

Readings :

- **Obligatory** :
 - LANIER Valérie, « Actualité de l'esclavage : analyse à partir de l'exploitation des travailleurs migrants ». <https://journals.openedition.org/droitcultures/3651>
 - MARIN Luca, « Et le monde redécouvrit l'esclavage ». <https://www.cairn.info/revue-migrations-societe-2017-4-page-3.htm>
- **Suggested** :
 - HOURCADE Renaude, « L'esclavage dans la mémoire nationale française : cadres et enjeux d'une politique mémorielle en mutation », *Droit et cultures*, 66 | 2013, 71-86. <https://journals.openedition.org/droitcultures/3151>
 - HABERBUSCH Benoît, « Un espace stratégique ? L'empire colonial français à la veille de la Première Guerre mondiale », *Revue historique des armées*, 274 | -1, 38-48. <https://journals.openedition.org/rha/7957>
 - CLEMENT Alain, « L'analyse économique de la question coloniale en France (1870-1914) », *Revue d'économie politique*, 2013/1 (Vol. 123), p. 51-82. <https://www.cairn.info/revue-d-economie-politique-2013-1-page-51.htm>

Week 2 : Postcolonial African immigration to France:

Reflection point : From openness and attraction in times of major world conflicts...

- ... to restriction and repulsion in times of crisis...
- ... to difficult independences
- ...to the oil shock of the early 1970s and the drastic restrictions on immigration...

Concepts to grasp :

- Immigration, Foreigner, Refugees, Undocumented, Clandestine, Asylum Seeker...

Readings :

- **Obligatory :**
 - GOSSELIN Anne, « Migrants subsahariens : combien de temps leur faut-il pour s'installer en France ? » URL : <https://www.cairn.info/revue-population-et-societes-2016-5-page-1.htm>
- **Suggested :**
 - ANTIL Alain, BERTOSSI Christophe, MAGNANI Victor *et al.*, « Migrations : logiques africaines », *Politique étrangère*, 2016/1 (Printemps), p. 11-23. URL : <https://www.cairn.info/revue-politique-etrangere-2016-1-page-11.htm>
 - JDELOWSKI Alessandro, « Les archives des présences africaines en France », *Hommes & Migrations*, 2021/1. <https://www.cairn.info/revue-hommes-et-migrations-2021-1-page-226.htm>

Week 3 : The organization of the African diaspora in France

Reflection point : Economic, social, cultural, political?

- Spatial signatures of African immigration in France
- Social signatures of African immigration in France
- The political issues of African immigration in France

Concepts to grasp :

- Spatial integration, social integration, naturalization, gender...

Readings :

- **Obligatory :**
 - ADAM-VEZINA Émilie, « Parcours migratoires de femmes d'Afrique subsaharienne : les épreuves de la violence ». <https://journals.openedition.org/remi/14482>
 - MCAVAY Haley, « Quels logements et quels quartiers ? L'intégration résidentielle des immigrés en France », *Population*, 2018/2 (Vol. 73), p. 351-380. URL : <https://www.cairn.info/revue-population-2018-2-page-351.htm>
- **Suggested :**
 - Les violences sexuelles envers les femmes immigrées d'Afrique subsaharienne après la migration en France. https://www.ined.fr/fichier/s_rubrique/30247/577.population.societes.mai.2020.violence.femmens.afrique.subsaharienne.fr.pdf
 - TIMERA Mahamet, GARNIER Julie, « Les Africains en France », *Hommes & migrations*, 1286-1287 | 2010, 24-35. <https://journals.openedition.org/hommesmigrations/1719?lang=en>
 - BEAUCHEMIN Cris and LESSAULT David, « Les statistiques des migrations africaines : ni exode, ni invasion », *e-Migrinter*, 12 | 2014, 32-43. <https://journals.openedition.org/e-migrinter/417>

Week 4 : The prospects of African immigration in France: between voluntary immigration and chosen immigration

Reflection point : ...the question of migratory circulation?

- Demographic issues and questions of education training
- Global competition on mobility and circulation
- African immigration and French soft-power
- French people with an immigrant background, what are the perspectives?
- France and the governance of immigration (from local to global)

Concepts to grasp :

- Integration, Assimilation, Marginalization, Xenophobia, Migration...

Readings :

- **Obligatory** :
 - La France et l'immigration : "ni une forteresse, ni une passoire". <https://www.institutmontaigne.org/analyses/la-france-et-limmigration-ni-une-forteresse-ni-une-passoire>
 - Stephen Smith, La Ruée vers l'Europe. La jeune Afrique en route pour le Vieux Continent. <https://journals.openedition.org/belgeo/29709>
 - JOVELIN Emmanuel, « Jeunes issus de l'immigration confrontés à la discrimination », *Hommes & migrations*, 1292 | 2011, 104-113. <https://journals.openedition.org/hommesmigrations/975>
- **Suggested** :
 - Afrique : les quatre vraies crises migratoires. https://www.liberation.fr/idees-et-debats/tribunes/afrique-les-quatre-vraies-crisis-migratoires-20210226_YF7FVTDXVNDXVKJ6KMQ5GLFCEM/
 - Peut-on parler sereinement de l'immigration africaine ? <https://www.institutmontaigne.org/analyses/peut-parler-sereinement-de-limmigration-africaine>
 - Stephen Smith ravive le mythe des invasions barbares, Macron et l'Académie française applaudissent. <https://blogs.mediapart.fr/les-invites-de-mediapart/blog/021018/stephen-smith-ravive-le-mythe-des-invasions-barbares-macron-et-l-academie-francaise-ap>

Schedule Rabat – Morocco

Week 5 : Migration to Morocco: A historic perspective

- This session aims to lay the first foundations of knowledge on the evolution of migration in Morocco, notably:
 - The cities of departure, the nature of the migrants who leave, the host countries, the memory around this migration
- **Reading** : Piero-D. Galloro, *La mémoire des migrants marocains. Entre transmission et lutte pour la reconnaissance*, p. 27-34.
<https://doi.org/10.4000/hommesmigrations.2546>

Week 6 : New change in the migratory perspective

- The 1990s ended with the arrival of sub-Saharan migrants who transformed Morocco into a transit country. At that time Morocco was strongly affected by a massive departure of its own Haraga population. In this session we will cover the following points:
 - The transformation of migration
 - The Haraga phenomenon in the Maghreb
 - The arrival of sub-Saharans on Moroccan territory
 - *La loi de 02-03*
- **Readings** :
 - Bensaâd, A. (2009). Le Sahara et la transition migratoire entre Sahel, Maghreb et Europe. *Outre-Terre*, 23, 273-287. <https://doi.org/10.3917/oute.023.0273>
 - Lahlou, M. (2003). Le Maghreb : lieux de transits. *La pensée de midi*, 10, 40-51. <https://doi.org/10.3917/lpm.010.0040>

Week 7 : Morocco, a transit country

- Morocco has become the new crossroads of international migration. International migration in stages and by circumventing borders paces time and space. These visa-free migrants, the migratory space is not smooth, and their migration takes several years and passes through several countries where they have not planned their arrival and settlement. In this session we will cover the following points:
 - Morocco as a country of transit, cities of transit, the culture of resourcefulness among migrants
- **Educational Outing** : Fondation Orient-Occident, an ONG that works with migrants in Morocco
- **Reading** : Mehdi Alioua, *Le Maroc, un carrefour migratoire pour les circulations euro-africaines ?* <https://doi.org/10.4000/hommesmigrations.2572>

Week 8 : Regularization policy

- Migration and security: What equation? Morocco's migration policy and the *Stratégie nationale d'immigration et d'asile* (SNIA) have allowed the emergence of a new status for regularized migrants, but in the absence of conditions for economic and social integration. In this session, we will cover the following points:
 - The role of civil society in the policy of regularization, migration in law and security approach, the limits of the policy of regularization
- **Readings :**
 - Abourabi, Y., & Ferrié, J. N. La nouvelle politique migratoire comme instrument diplomatique. *LA NOUVELLE POLITIQUE MIGRATOIRE MAROCAINE*, 123.
 - Jaidi, L. politique migratoire du Maroc. *LE PARTENARIAT AFRIQUE-EUROPE EN QUÊTE DE SENS*, 241.

Schedule Dakar – Senegal

Week 9 – Senegalese emigration among changes and permanency from past to present.

- **Reflection Point:** How to explain the evolution of Senegalese emigration?
 - Geographical evolution of Senegalese emigration: translation of places of departure and diversification of places of destination
 - Sociological evolution: profile from rural to urban dweller
 - Feminization of emigration and evolution of Senegalese society

Readings:

- **Obligatory :**
 - Sakho P, Diop R. A., Mboup B., Diadiou D., (2015). A emigração internacional senegalesa: das casas no campo às cidades litorâneas. In Vania Beatriz Merlotti Herédia. *Migrações internacionais. O caso dos senegaleses no Sul do Brasil*. Caxias do Sul: BelasLetras, Quatrilha, pp. 23 à 49.
https://www.academia.edu/31710107/L_%C3%A9migration_internaionale_s%C3%A9n%C3%A9galaise_des_foyers_de_d%C3%A9part_des_campagnes_aux_villes_littorales.
 - SAKHO, Papa , DIOP, Rosalie A. , AWISSI-SALL, Madon , Migration et genre au Sénégal , [Centre des politiques migratoires] , [CARIM-Sud] , CARIM Notes analytiques et synthétiques , 2011/10 , Série Genre et Migration - <http://hdl.handle.net/1814/15595>
- **Suggested :** TALL, Serigne Mansour, TANDIAN, Aly , Cadre général de la migration internationale sénégalaise : historicité, actualité et prospective. , [Centre des politiques migratoires] , [CARIM-Sud] , Notes analytiques et synthétiques du CARIM , 2011/54 , Migration méditerranéenne et subsaharienne : séries sur les développements récents - <http://hdl.handle.net/1814/18480>

Week 10 – Economic and social issues: Migration and development or the figure of the migrant builder.

- **Reflection point:** The contribution of migrants to improving the conditions of their families
 - Migration and development of territories of origin: schools, health posts, water, etc.
 - The figure of the builder migrant: Real estate investment.

Readings:

- **Obligatory** : BEAUCHEMIN C, LESSAULT D, SAKHO P. (2013) « Les ménages des migrants sont-ils mieux logés à Dakar ? In Beauchemin C ; Kanbajji L. ; Sakho P. et Schoumaker B, (2013). *Migrations africaines : le co-développement en questions. Essai de démographie politique*. Paris : Editions Armand Colin/INED. P 159-190.
- **Suggested** : Serigne Mansour Tall, 2009, *Investir dans la ville africaine - Les émigrés et l'habitat à Dakar*, Paris, Karthala, 286 p.

Week 11 – Political issues: restrictions on movement, security, and return

- **Reflection point:** The alignment of national policies with the common European policy and the visions of international institutions (IOM, EU, ILO, etc.)
 - The migratory bypass routes (Atlantic, trans-Saharan and Libyan), the outsourcing by the European Union of European borders (frontex)
 - Constraints on West African mobility
 - The question of “voluntary” return

Reading:

- **Obligatory** : Marie-Dominique Aguillon, « La fabrique de la politique migratoire sénégalaise », *Anthropologie & développement* [En ligne], 51 | 2020, mis en ligne le 01 juin 2021, consulté le 12 septembre 2022. URL : <http://journals.openedition.org/anthropodev/957> ; DOI : <https://doi.org/10.4000/anthropodev.957>
- **Suggested** :
 - Jegen, L. 2020. "The Political Economy of Migration Governance in Senegal." Freiburg: Arnold-Bergstraesser Institute (ABI).
 - KABBANJI Lama (2013) « Migration et développement : quelles politiques menées en Afrique subsaharienne », in *Migrations africaines : le co-développement en questions. Essai de démographie politique*, éd. par Cris BEAUCHEMIN, Lama KABBANJI, Papa SAKHO, et Bruno SCHOUAKER, Paris : Armand Colin, p. 41-89.

Week 12 – Local perceptions and representations of migration within communities

- **Reflection Point:** Cultural representations of migration in communities
 - Determinants of the decision to migrate
- **Educational outing:** *Go to the meeting of actors in the field*
 - Meeting with the executive board of the NGO “*Association Nationale Pêcheurs Migrants (ANPM)*” and the beneficiaries of its interventions. The objective is, at the end of the exchanges with the members of the NGO and the beneficiaries on the questions of emigration, to appreciate on the one hand, the role of the organizations of the civil society in the governance of the emigration Senegalese and, on the other hand, the perception that the targets have of the emigration management policy

Readings:

- **Obligatory :**
 - Black, R., and al., (2022), Migration drivers and migration choice: interrogating responses to migration and development interventions in West Africa, *Comparative Migration Studies*, 10, 10 (2022). <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40878-022-00283-3>
 - FALL P. D., (2014) - “Imagining Europe: Being willing to go does not necessarily result in taking the necessary steps”, *The ITPCM International Commentary* , X (35), April, pp. 21-26
- **Suggested :** Sakho, P. (novembre 2018). Chapitre 5. La migration sénégalaise, des réponses territorialisées à la mondialisation. In Angelo Turco et Laye Camara (eds) : *Culture della migrazione, immaginari migratori, pratiche della mobilità*, Franco Angeli Edizioni, Milan, p 151-172.

Assessment : Each host city professor will assign a grade based on the following components of a student's work. The final grade will be an average of the three grades.

Class participation (30%). Participation has several components: attendance, informed oral contribution to class discussions throughout the semester and surprise quizzes (testing reading of the material). You are expected to come to all classes having completed the readings. Reading assignments listed under each class session should be completed before attending that class. Students may opt to submit an optional response paper on weekly readings for extra credit during the semester.

Oral Presentation (10%). Each student will prepare a 10-minute presentation requiring a moderate amount of research on a topic chosen from a list of possible subjects which the professor will assign.

Written assignment (60%).

- Students will be asked to write one 3-4 page analytical essay over the course of each four-week session of the course. A handout with more specific instructions for each assignment will be handed to students. The essays should draw on the assigned readings, lectures, and class discussions: no additional or outside research will be required.

OR

- Students will have an exam covering the entirety of the program

Further Readings

Paris

- BRACHET JULIEN, SCHEELE Judith, « Stephen Smith ravive le mythe des invasions barbares, Macron et l'Académie française applaudissent », *Mediapart.fr*, 2 octobre 2018, <https://blogs.mediapart.fr/les-invites-de-mediapart/blog/021018/stephen-smith-ravive-le-mythe-des-invasions-barbares-macron-et-l-academie-francaise-ap>, consulté le 5 novembre 2018.
- BRÉVILLE Bernard, « Le mythe de la ruée vers l'Europe : Immigration, un débat biaisé », *Le Monde Diplomatique*, 1^{er} Nov 2018, <https://groupedhistoiresociale.com/2018/11/02/immigration-un-debat-biaise-benoit-breville/>, consulté le 3 novembre 2018.
- BRUNEL Sylvie, *L'Afrique est-elle si bien partie ?*, Éditions sciences humaines, 2014, 192 p.
DOI : [10.3917/sh.brune.2014.01](https://doi.org/10.3917/sh.brune.2014.01)
- DEDIEU Jean-Philippe, *La Parole immigrée. Les migrants africains dans l'espace public en France (1960-1995)*, Paris, Klincksieck (Pouvoirs de persuasion), 2012, 335 p.
- DULUCQ Sophie, ZYTNICKI Colette, « Penser le passé colonial français. Entre perspectives historiographiques et résurgence des mémoires », *Vingtième Siècle. Revue d'histoire*, 2005/2 (n° 86), p. 59-69. DOI : 10.3917/ving.086.0059. URL : <https://www.cairn.info/revue-vingtieme-siecle-revue-d-histoire-2005-2-page-59.htm>
- FOUCAULT Michel, *Sécurité, territoire, population*, Paris, Gallimard-Seuil, 2004, p. 178 et p. 186-188
- GRENIER Jean-Yves, « « Faut-il rétablir l'esclavage en France ? ». Droit naturel, économie politique et esclavage au XVIIIe siècle », *Revue d'histoire moderne & contemporaine*, 2010/2 (n° 57-2), p. 7-49. DOI : 10.3917/rhmc.572.0007. URL : <https://www.cairn.info/revue-d-histoire-moderne-et-contemporaine-2010-2-page-7.htm>
- HÉRAN François, « Comment se fabrique un oracle », *La Vie des idées*, 18 septembre 2018, <https://laviedesidees.fr/migrations-afrique-prejuge-stephen-smith-oracle>, consulté le 5 novembre 2018.
- HÉRAN François, « L'Europe et le spectre des migrations subsahariennes », *Population et Sociétés*, 558, Paris, septembre 2018. DOI : [10.3917/popsoc.558.0001](https://doi.org/10.3917/popsoc.558.0001)
- KUCZYNSKI Liliane and RAZY Élodie, « Anthropologie et migrations africaines en France : une généalogie des recherches », *Revue européenne des migrations internationales*, vol. 25 - n°3 | 2009, 79-100.
- LIETAER Samuel, « Stephen Smith, *La Ruée vers l'Europe. La jeune Afrique en route pour le Vieux Continent* », *Belgeo* [Online], 1 | 2018, Online since 18 December 2018, connection on 29 August 2022. URL: <http://journals.openedition.org/belgeo/29709>; DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4000/belgeo.29709>
- LORGEUX Jeanny, BOCKEL Jean-Marie, *L'Afrique est notre avenir*, Senat, Rapport d'information de MM., fait au nom de la commission des affaires étrangères, de la défense et des forces armées n° 104 (2013-2014) - 29 octobre 2013
- LUCAS Robert, *International Migration and Economic Development: Lessons from Low-Income Countries*, Edward Elgar Publishing, Northampton, 2005.

- PUFENDORF Samuel von, *Le droit de la nature et des gens*, Basles, Thourneisen frères, 1732, Livre III, chap. II, § 8, p. 316.
- STANZIANI, Alessandro, *Les métamorphoses du travail forcé*, Paris, Presses de Sciences Po, 2018.
- THENAULT Sylvie, « L'indigénat dans l'Empire français : Algérie/Cochinchine, une double matrice », *Monde(s)*, 2017/2 (N° 12), p. 21-40. DOI : 10.3917/mond1.172.0021. URL : <https://www.cairn.info/revue-mondes-2017-2-page-21.htm>

Rabat

- Piero-D. Galloro, *La mémoire des migrants marocains. Entre transmission et lutte pour la reconnaissance*, p. 27-34 <https://doi.org/10.4000/hommesmigrations.2546>
- Hocine Zeghib, *Droit et migration au Maghreb, au cœur de la fabrique*. In [Le Maghreb à l'épreuve des migrations subsahariennes](#); Karthala, 2009
- Mehdi Alioua, *Le Maroc, un carrefour migratoire pour les circulations euro-africaines ?* <https://doi.org/10.4000/hommesmigrations.2572>
- Jean-Noel Ferrié, *Contraintes et limites de la politique migratoire marocaine*, *Revue, Migrations société*, 2020/1 n 179, p 109-113.

Dakar

- Lama [KABBANJI](#), Papa SAKHO, et Bruno SCHOUMAKER, Paris : Armand Colin, p. 41-89.
- Sakho, P. (novembre 2018). Chapitre 5. La migration sénégalaise, des réponses territorialisées à la mondialisation. In Angelo Turco et Laye Camara (eds) : *Culture della migrazione, immaginari migratori, pratiche della mobilità*, Franco Angeli Edizioni, Milan, p 151-172.
- Beauchemin C., (ed.) (2019), *Migration Between Africa and Europe*, Springer
- Beauchemin, C. et al. (2014), *From Senegal and back (1975–2008): Migration trends and routes of migrants in times of restrictions*, Springer International Publishing, https://dx.doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-69569-3_13.
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/324863999_From_Senegal_and_Back_1975-2008_Migration_Trends_and_Routes_of_Migrants_in_Times_of_Restrictions
- Beauchemin C. et al. (dir.), *Migrations africaines : le codéveloppement en questions. Essai de démographie politique*, Paris, Armand Colin, 2013, 337 p.
- DIAL F. B., SAKHO P., (2010) « Migration clandestine féminine : Etude de cas de Dakar et sa banlieue », in *Notes d'analyse et de synthèse*. N° 2010/56. Série sur la migration irrégulière. Module démographique et économique, Consortium Euro-méditerranéen pour la Recherche Appliquée sur les Migrations Internationales (CARIM), European University Institute, Robert Schuman Centre for Advanced Studies.
- OCDE (2022), Tendances récentes de l'émigration sénégalaise. In OCDE (2022), *Panorama de l'émigration sénégalaise*, Talents à l'étranger, Éditions OCDE, Paris, p 13-28. <https://doi.org/10.1787/0e279cfb-fr>. <https://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/sites/1074377a-fr/index.html?itemId=/content/component/1074377a-fr#>